



West Yorkshire
Fire & Rescue Service

Performance Management Report Fire Authority

Period Covered:

01 April 2024

01 December 2024





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This report provides a summary of our progress across the Service based on the date ranges below.

Period Covered:

Financial Year	2024-25	
Date Range	01 April 2024	01 December 2024

IMPORTANT: The data provided is based on incident reports that have been completed and/or checked but will not include data from incident reports which have not been completed. Data may change due to incident reports that have been updated due to amendment. The data is accurate at time of creation of the report.

This report is comparing the date range above against:

Previous Year Comparison Date Range	01 April 2023	01 December 2023
3 Year Average Comparison Period	01 April 2023 01 April 2022 01 April 2021	01 December 2023 01 December 2022 01 December 2021
Colour Key	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #cccccc; padding: 2px 5px;">Positive Arrows</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #ff0000; color: white; padding: 2px 5px;">Negative Arrows</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 5px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #0000ff; color: white; padding: 2px 5px;">Positive Charts</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #ff0000; color: white; padding: 2px 5px;">Negative Charts</div> </div> <p style="font-size: small; margin-top: 10px;">*When doing a comparison the key above is used. In all other cases graphs, charts and visuals are using contrasting colours to support accessibility.</p>	

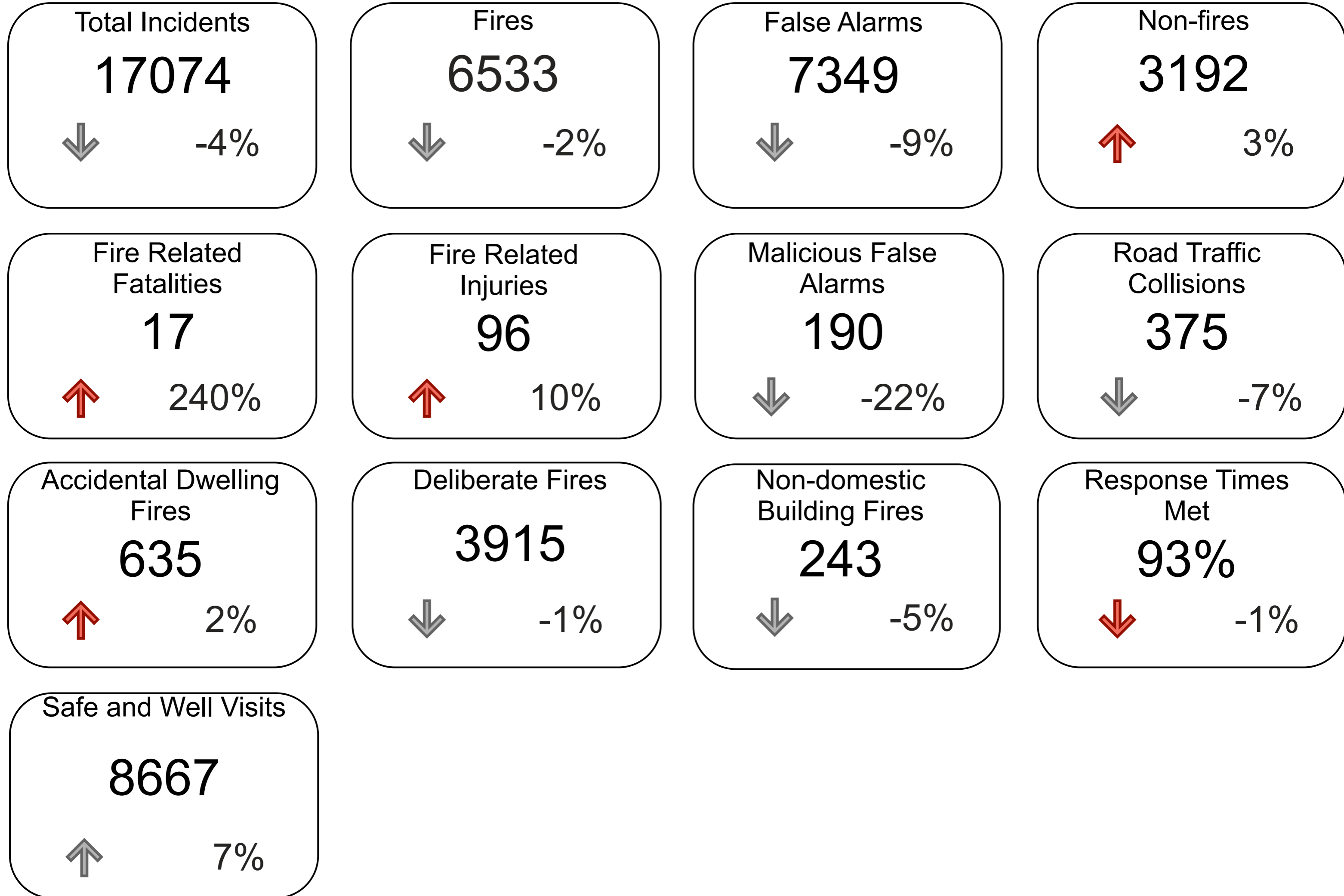
Due to seasonality **Previous Year** and **3 Year Average** comparison are based on selected range and not the whole of the previous year.

Performance Summary

Arrows display percentage(%) increase/decrease on previous year to current financial year.
The comparison range is based on selected date range.

This report is comparing: **01 April 2024**
Against: 01 April 2023

01 December 2024
01 December 2023



Incident Demand by Time of Day

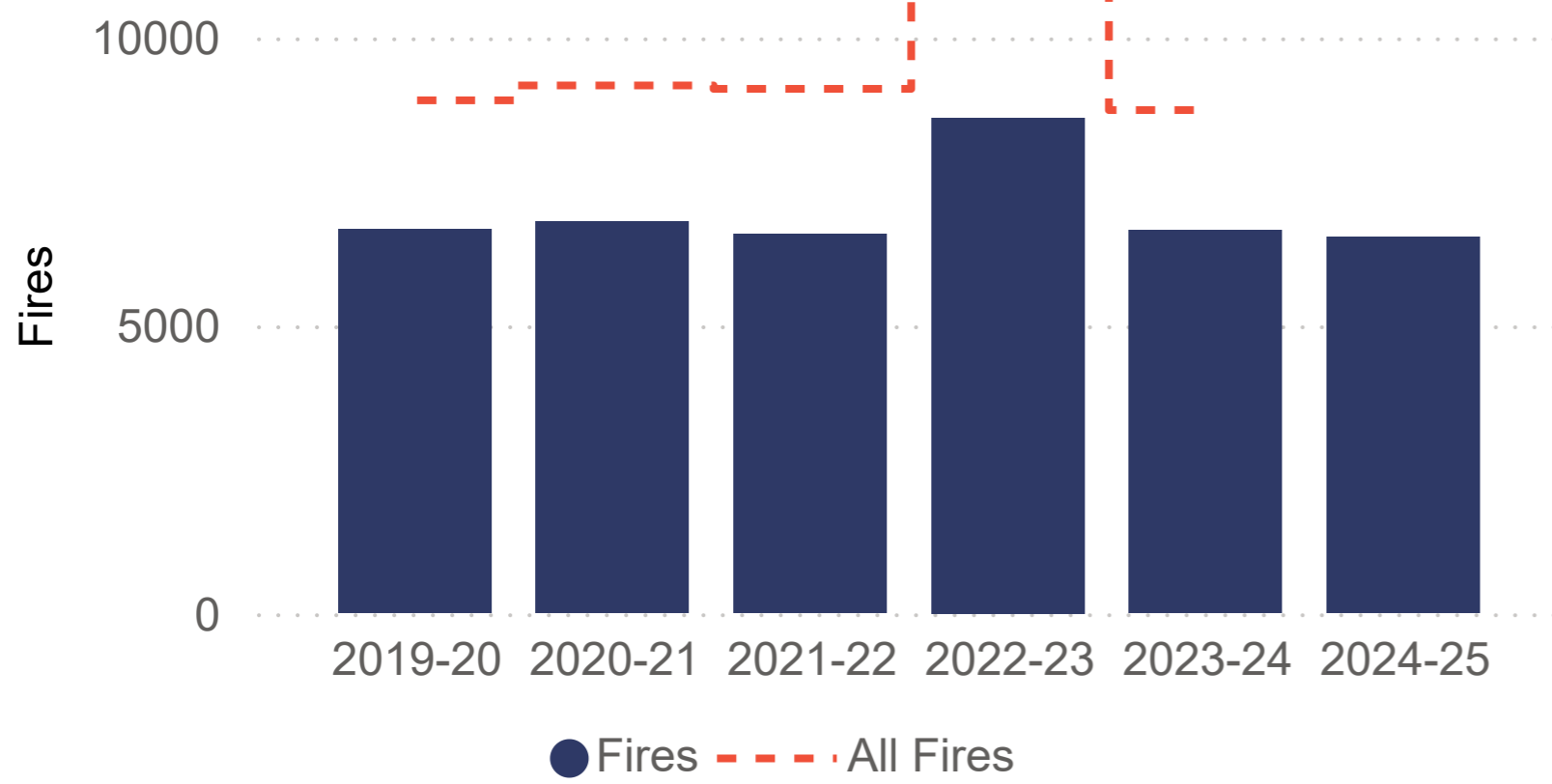
Day	08:00-08:59	09:00-09:59	10:00-10:59	11:00-11:59	12:00-12:59	13:00-13:59	14:00-14:59	15:00-15:59	16:00-16:59	17:00-17:59	18:00-18:59	19:00-19:59	20:00-20:59	21:00-21:59	22:00-22:59	23:00-23:59	00:00-00:59	01:00-01:59	02:00-02:59	03:00-03:59	04:00-04:59	05:00-05:59	06:00-06:59	07:00-07:59
Mon	70	87	87	87	85	134	124	132	145	153	193	183	174	143	110	99	52	70	57	39	44	37	32	59
Tue	69	75	93	78	87	104	113	133	156	174	174	194	183	143	140	95	77	74	43	34	47	41	31	56
Wed	72	92	87	75	103	129	139	118	129	155	178	187	162	135	110	82	87	68	62	39	43	37	56	67
Thu	70	68	89	84	118	95	110	145	173	167	149	188	173	143	107	83	73	55	42	44	43	26	34	50
Fri	70	73	106	108	104	103	110	130	121	170	194	177	185	162	120	95	73	64	44	42	48	35	35	45
Sat	63	69	68	91	115	118	139	134	138	213	183	197	190	160	131	109	90	81	64	55	54	45	43	61
Sun	55	82	89	90	105	103	127	129	163	189	171	180	171	167	114	98	105	77	59	64	56	36	29	39

Fires

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Fires by Financial Year



All Fires (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year. The bars show the value for selected date range.

Fires Previous Year To Date Comparison

District	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	-5%	↓
Calderdale	-10%	↓
Kirklees	-1%	↓
Leeds	0%	↓
Wakefield	5%	↓

3 Year average indicator shows if current number of Fires this financial year is an increase/decrease of fires against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

Fires by Property Type

Outdoor	4472
Building	1272
Road Vehicle	786
Other transport vehicle	2

Fires by Category

Fire Classification	Accidental	Deliberate
Chimney Fire	0.34%	
Primary Fire	18.17%	12.57%
Secondary Fire	21.56%	47.37%

Fires by Building Property Type

Dwelling	734
Non Residential	513
Other Residential	25

Fires by Outdoor Property Type

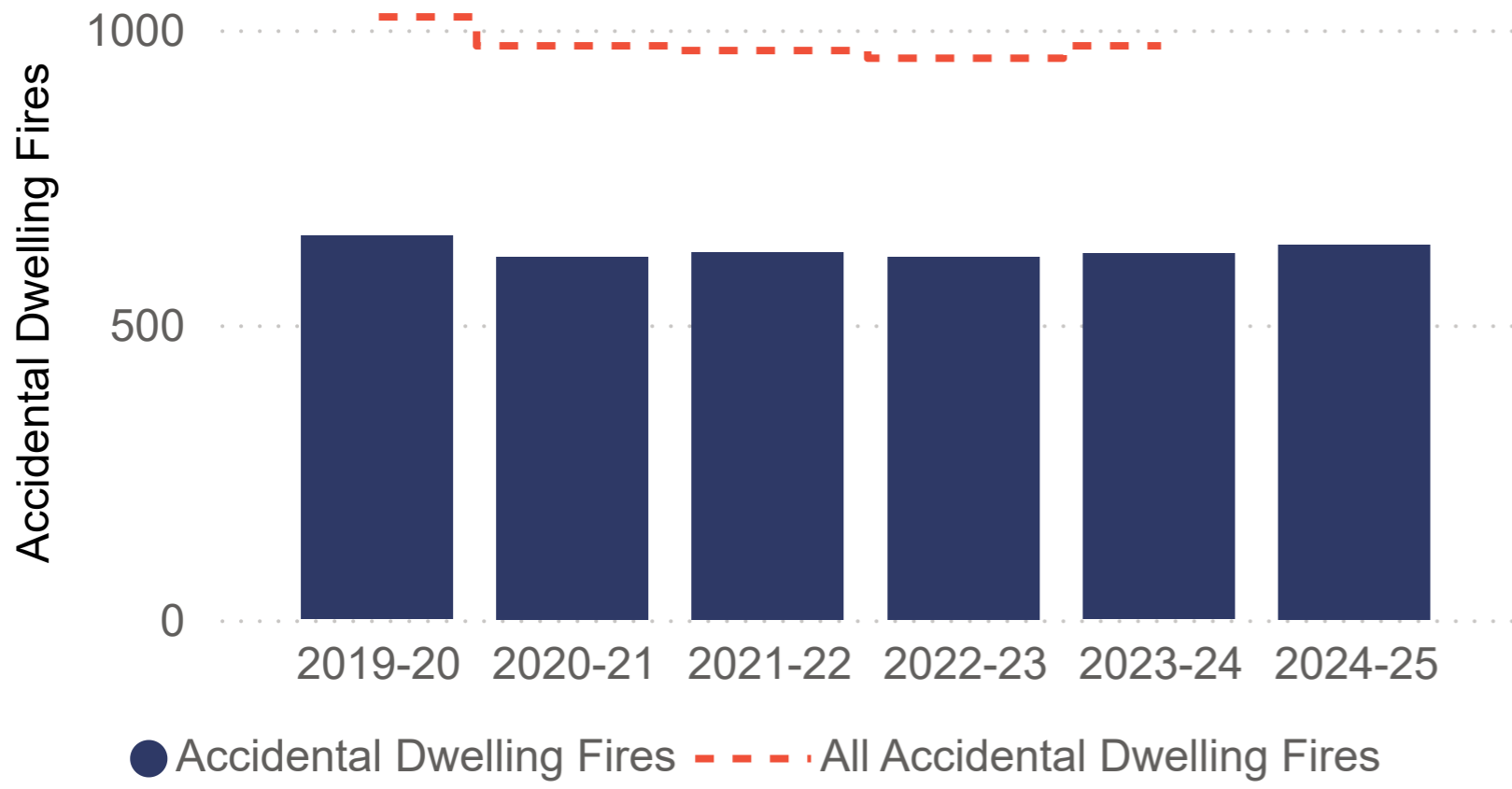
Other outdoors (including land)	2028
Outdoor structures	1307
Grassland, woodland and crops	1086
Outdoor equipment and machinery	51

Accidental Dwelling Fires

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Accidental Dwelling Fires by Financial Year



All ADF (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year.
The bars show the value for selected date range.

Accidental Dwelling Fires Previous Year To Date Comparison

District	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	2%	↑
Calderdale	-20%	↓
Kirklees	-5%	↓
Leeds	9%	↑
Wakefield	19%	↑

3 Year average indicator shows if current number of ADF this financial year is an increase/decrease of ADF against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

Accidental Dwelling Fires by Property Type

House - single occupancy	400
Purpose Built Flat/Maisonette - multiple occupancy	114
Converted Flat/Maisonette - multiple occupancy	52
Self contained Sheltered Housing	28
Bungalow - single occupancy	25
Unknown if licensed HMO	8
Licensed HMO	5
caravan/mobile home (permanent dwelling)	2
Houseboat (permanent dwelling)	1

Top Fire Cause

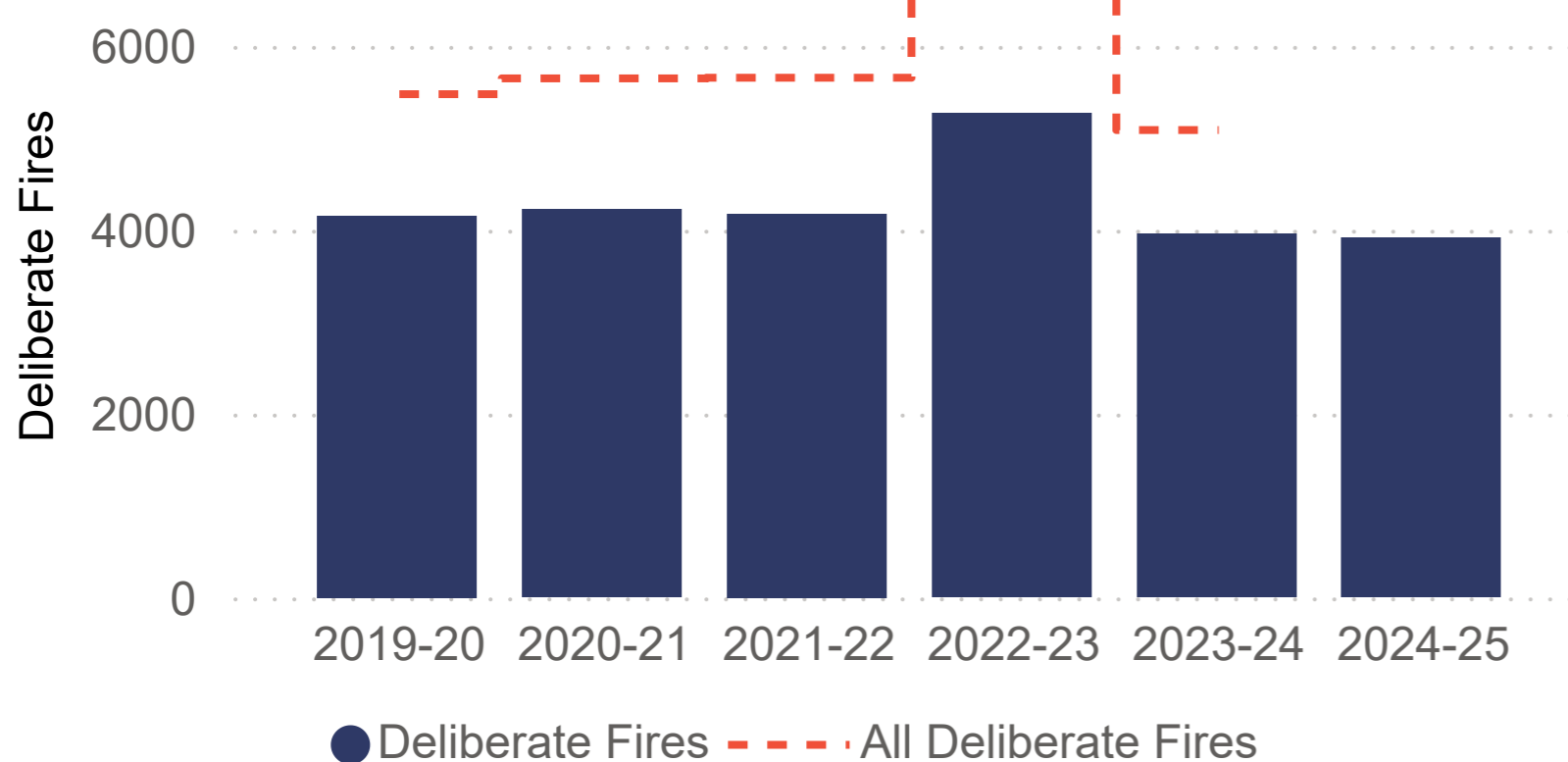
Accidental - Combustible articles too close to heat source (or fire)

Deliberate Fires

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Deliberate Fires by Financial Year



All Deliberate Fires (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year. The bars show the value for selected date range.

Deliberate Fires Previous Year To Date Comparison

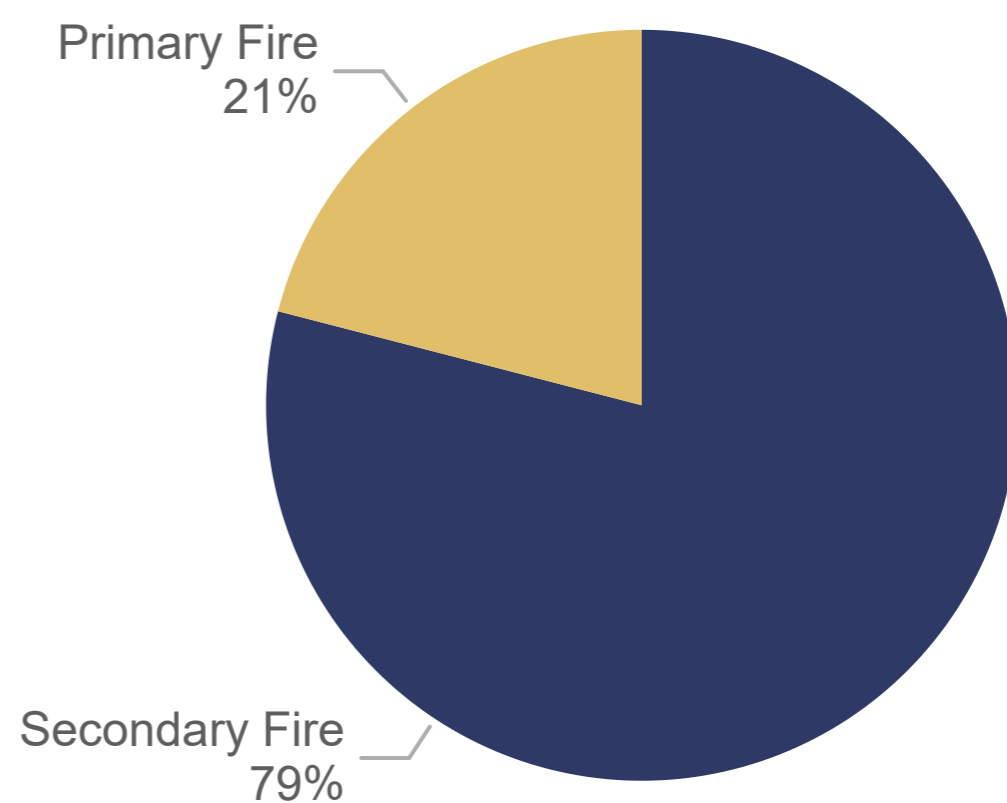
District	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	2%	↓
Calderdale	7%	↓
Kirklees	-6%	↓
Leeds	-3%	↓
Wakefield	-3%	↓

3 Year average indicator shows if current number of Deliberate Fires this financial year is an increase/decrease of Deliberate Fires against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

Top 10 Property Types

Property Type	Deliberate Fires
Other outdoors (including land)	1519
Outdoor structures	868
Grassland, woodland and crops	621
Car	306
Non Residential	295
Dwelling	99
Motorcycle	69
Van	44
Multiple Vehicles	31
Outdoor equipment and machinery	16

Deliberate Fires by Primary or Secondary



Top 5 Fire Causes

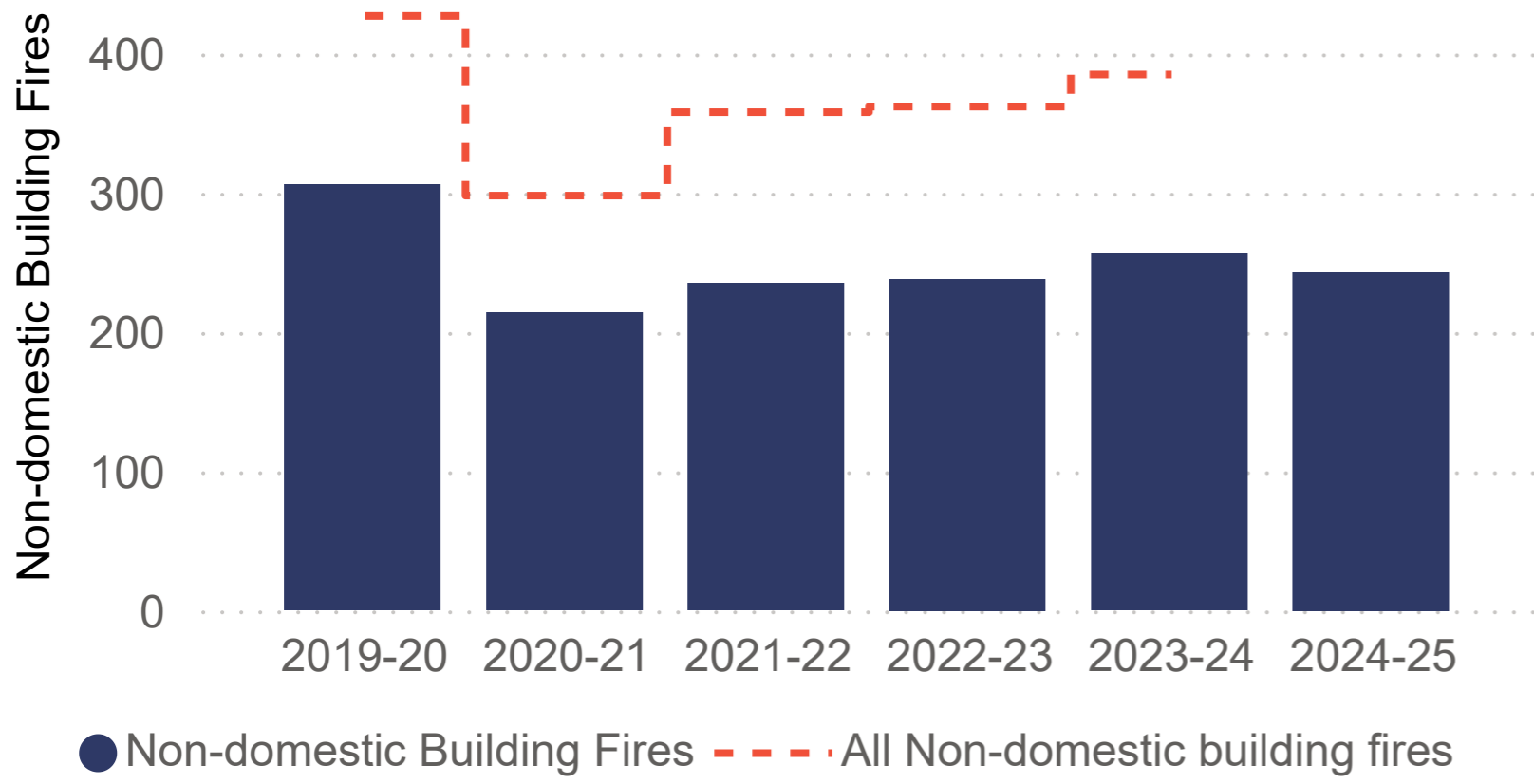
Fire Cause	Deliberate Fires
Deliberate - unknown owner	1485
Deliberate - others property	1311
Deliberate - others property - Heat source and combustibles brought together deliberately	477
Deliberate - own property	298
Deliberate - unknown owner - Heat source and combustibles brought together deliberately	239

Non-domestic Fires

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Non-domestic Building Fires by Financial Year



All Non-domestic Building Fires (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year.

The bars show the value for selected date range.

Non-domestic Building Fires Previous Year To Date Comparison

District	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	-21%	↓
Calderdale	-6%	↓
Kirklees	-41%	↓
Leeds	23%	↑
Wakefield	-24%	↓

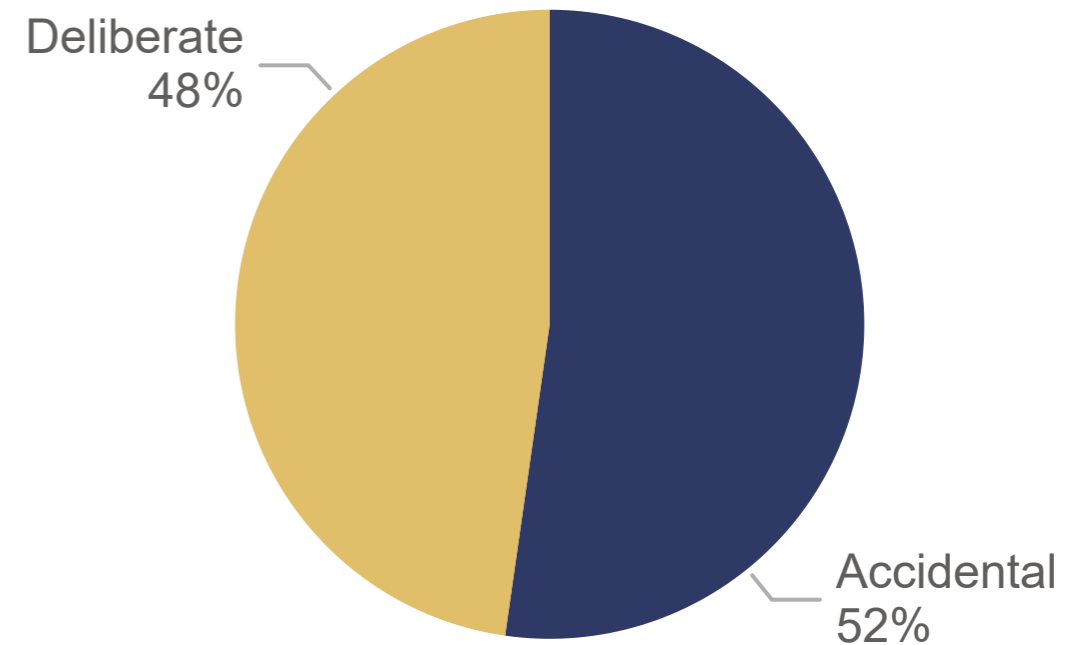
3 Year average indicator shows if current number of Non-domestic Building Fires this financial year is an increase/decrease of Non-domestic Building fires against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

Top 5 Property Types

Non-domestic Building Fires

Public admin, security and safety	87
Food and Drink	41
Retail	19
Industrial Manufacturing	17
Warehouses and bulk storage	12

Non-domestic Building Fires by Accidental or Deliberate Fires



Top 5 Fire Causes

Non-domestic Building Fires

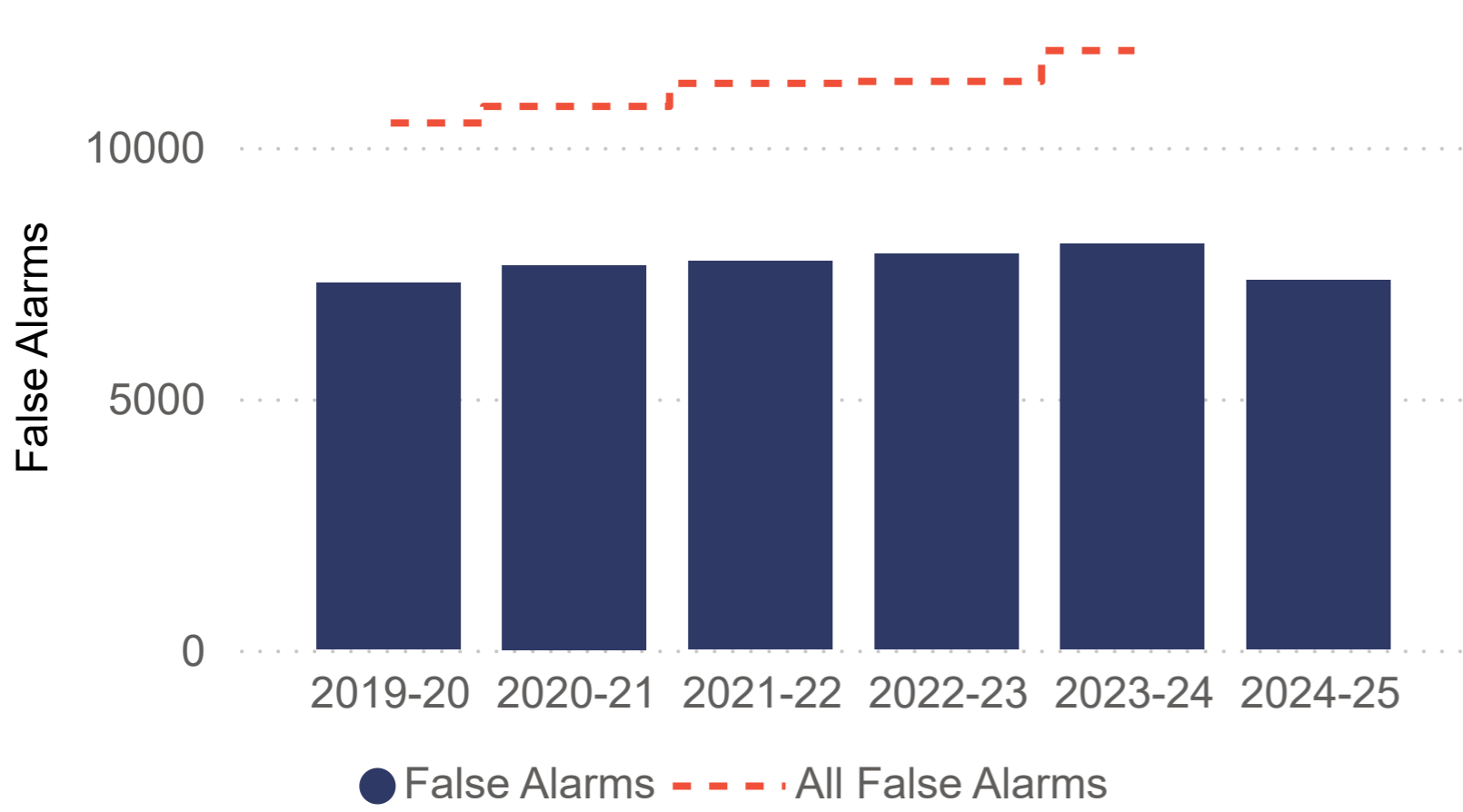
Deliberate - others property - Heat source and combustibles brought together deliberately	68
Accidental - Faulty fuel supply - electricity	23
Accidental - Fault in equipment or appliance	20
Accidental - Accumulation of flammable material	11
Accidental - Overheating, unknown cause	11

False Alarms

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

False Alarms by Financial Year



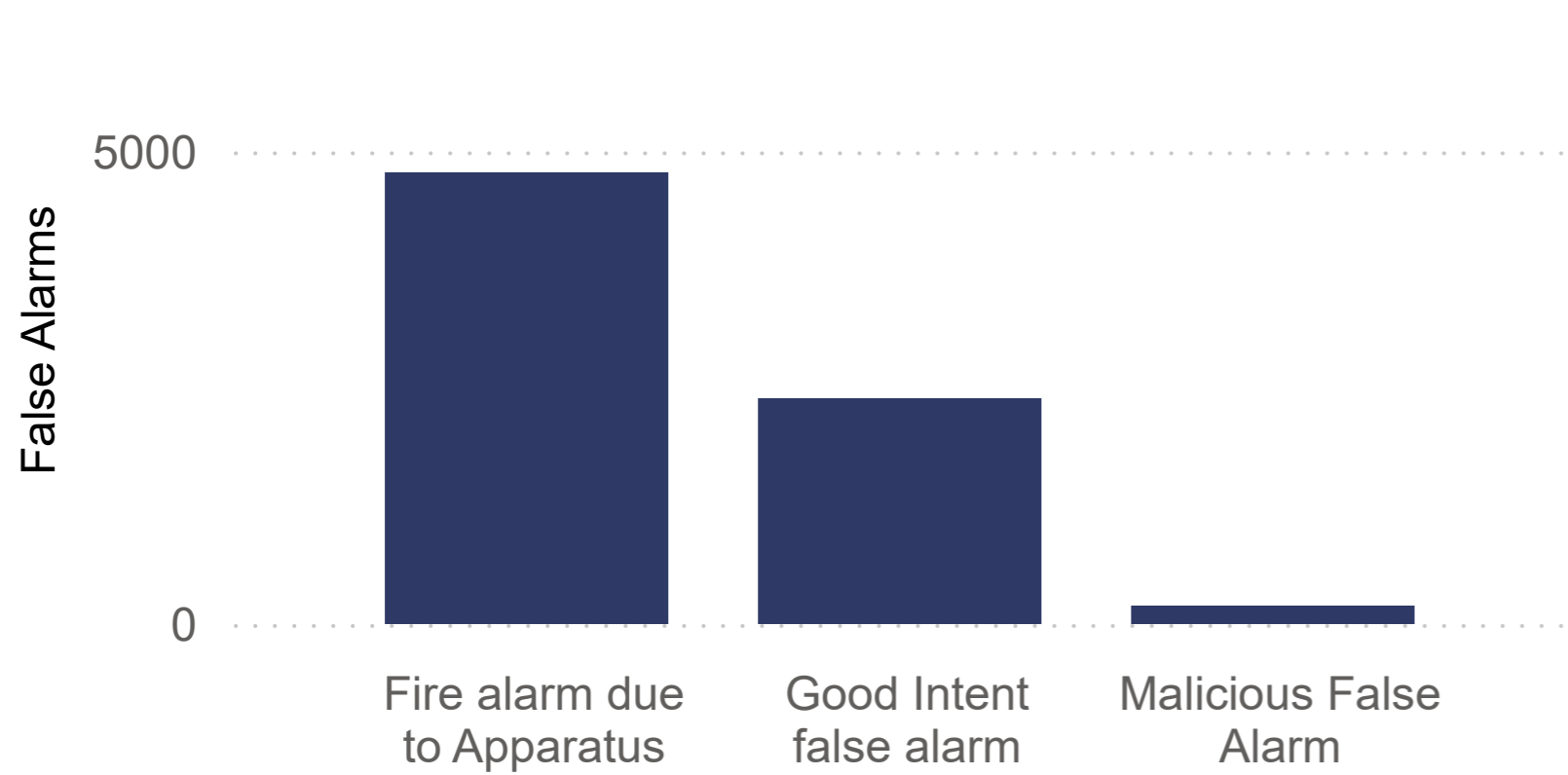
All False Alarms (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year. The bars show the value for selected date range.

False Alarms Previous Year To Date Comparison

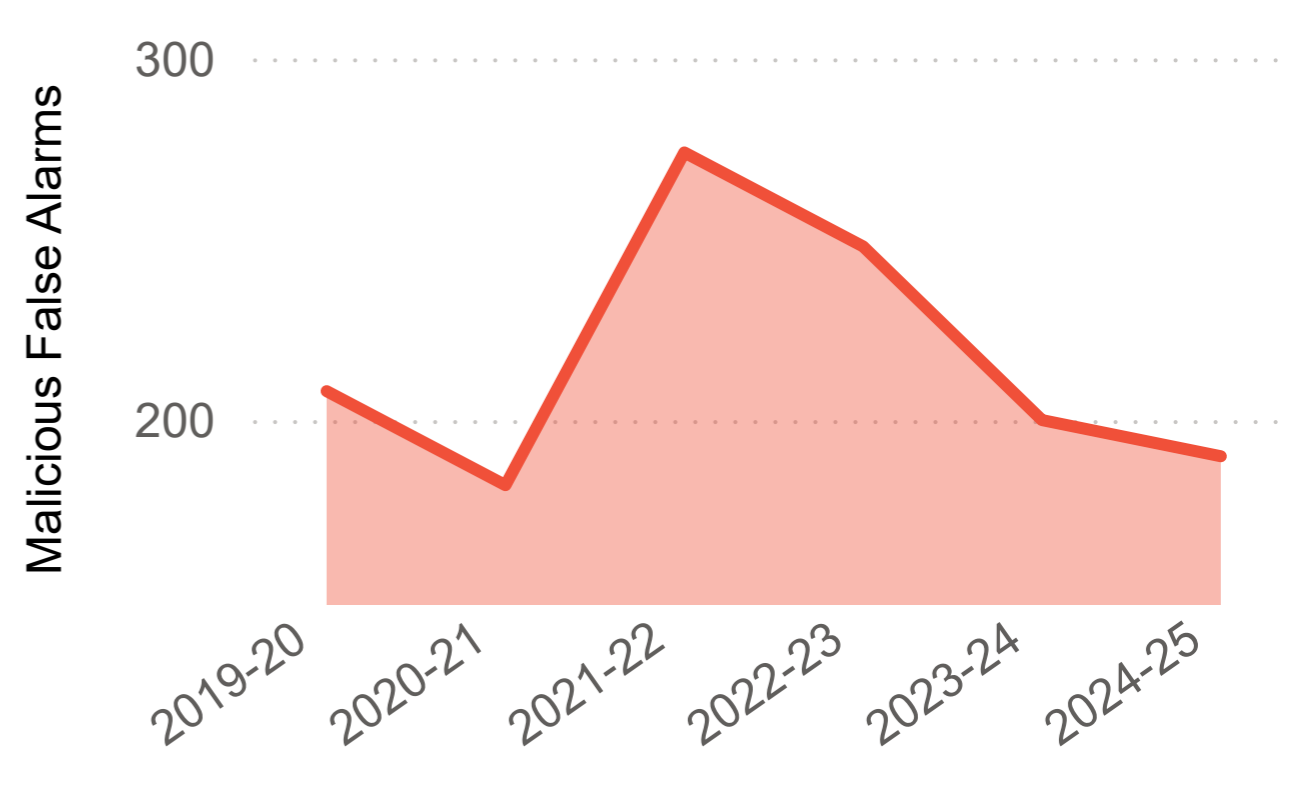
District	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	6%	▲
Calderdale	-10%	▼
Kirklees	-15%	▼
Leeds	-11%	▼
Wakefield	-23%	▼

3 year average indicator shows if current number of False Alarms this financial year is an increase/decrease of False Alarms against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

False Alarm by Reason



Malicious False Alarms by Financial Year



Top Dwelling Properties

Purpose Built
Flat/Maisonette - multiple occupancy

Top Other Residential Buildings Properties

Residential Home

Top Non-Residential Building

Education

Top Dwelling Reason

Faulty

Top Other Residential Building Reason

Faulty

Top Non-Residential Reason

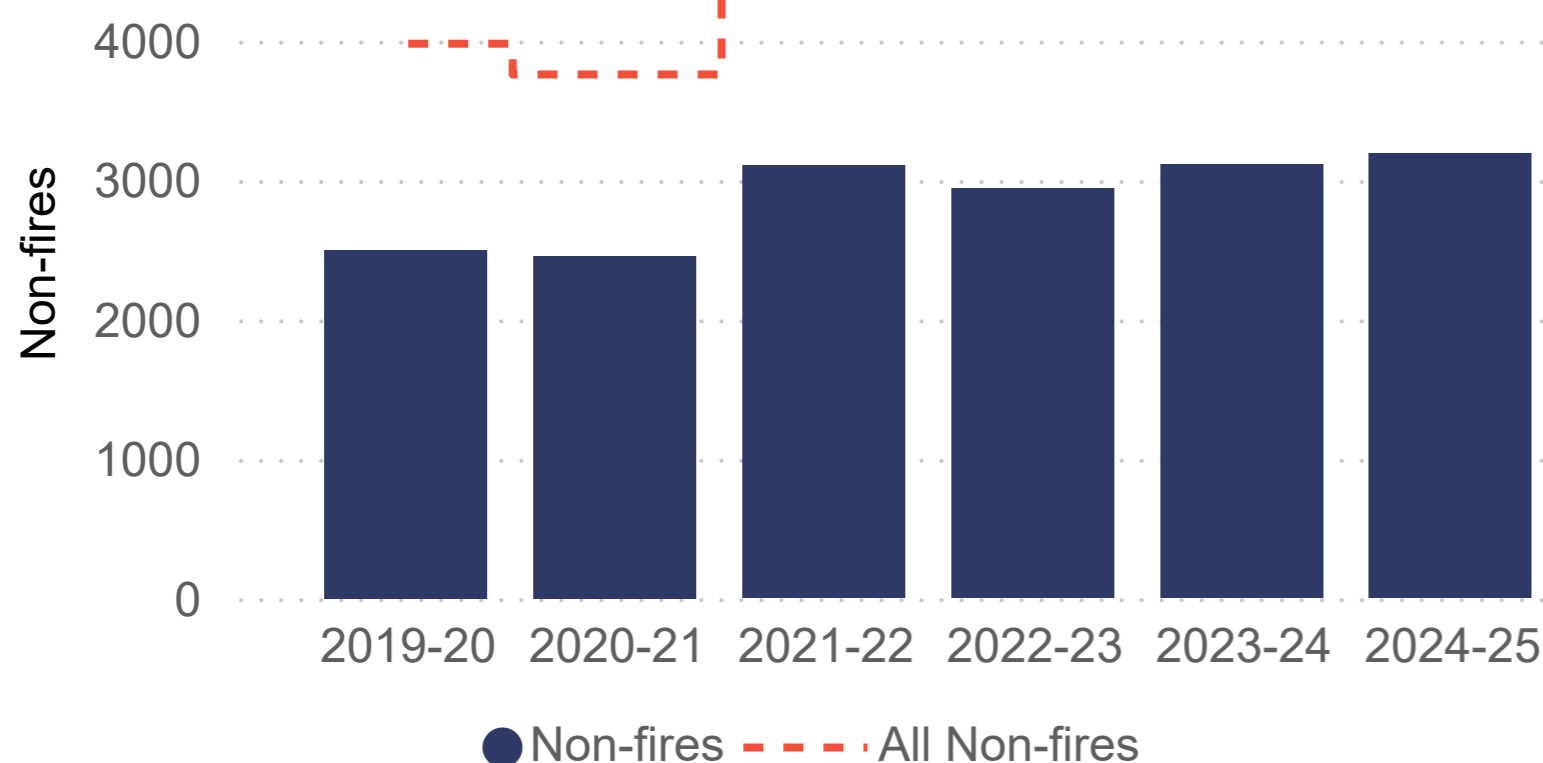
Faulty

Non-fires

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Non-fires by Financial Year



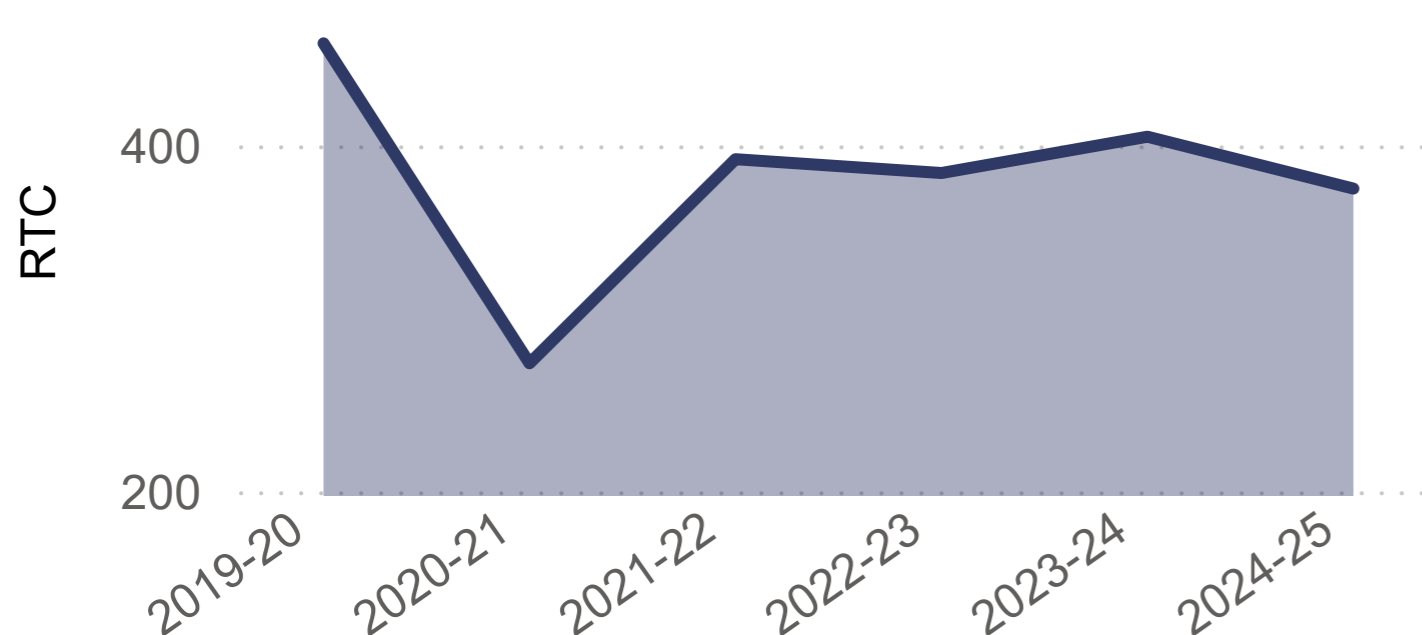
All Non-fires (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year. The bars show the value for selected date range.

Non-fires Previous Year To Date Comparison

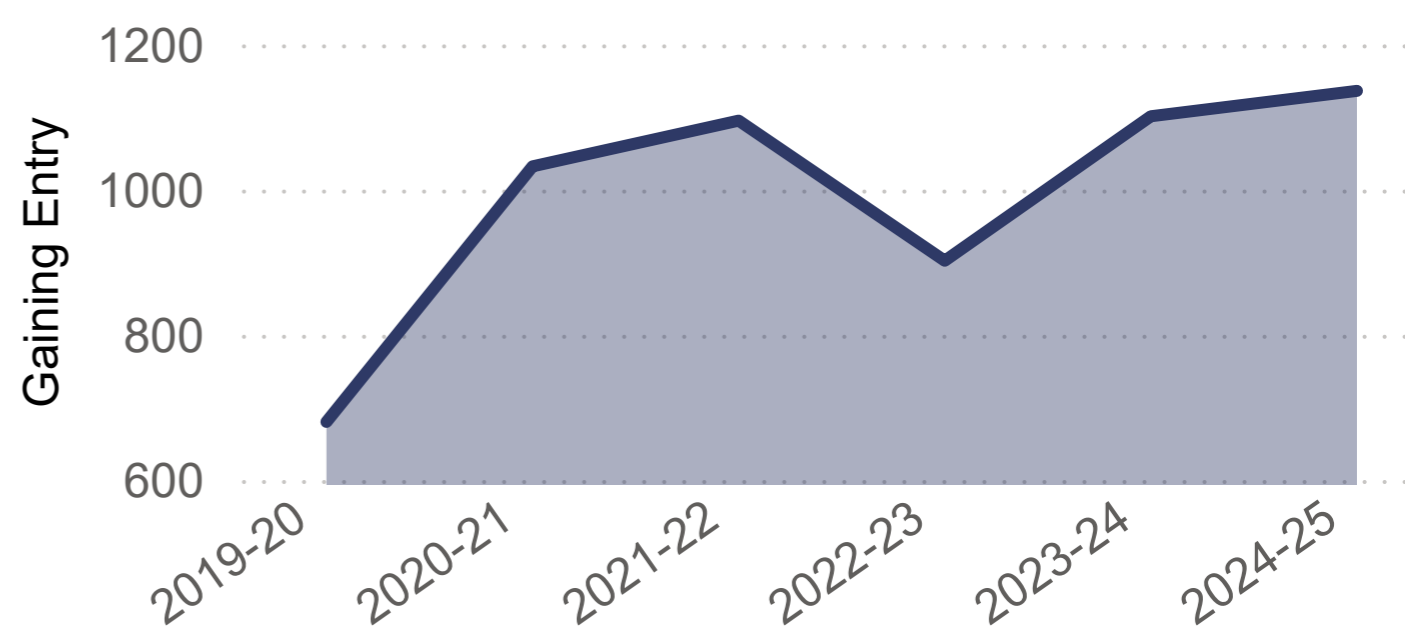
District	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	-3%	↑
Calderdale	13%	↑
Kirklees	-6%	↓
Leeds	7%	↑
Wakefield	4%	↑

3 Year average indicator shows if current number of Non-fires this financial year is an increase/decrease of Non-fires against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

Road Traffic Collisions by Financial Year



Gaining Entry Cause for Concern by Financial Year



Top 5 Non-fire Types

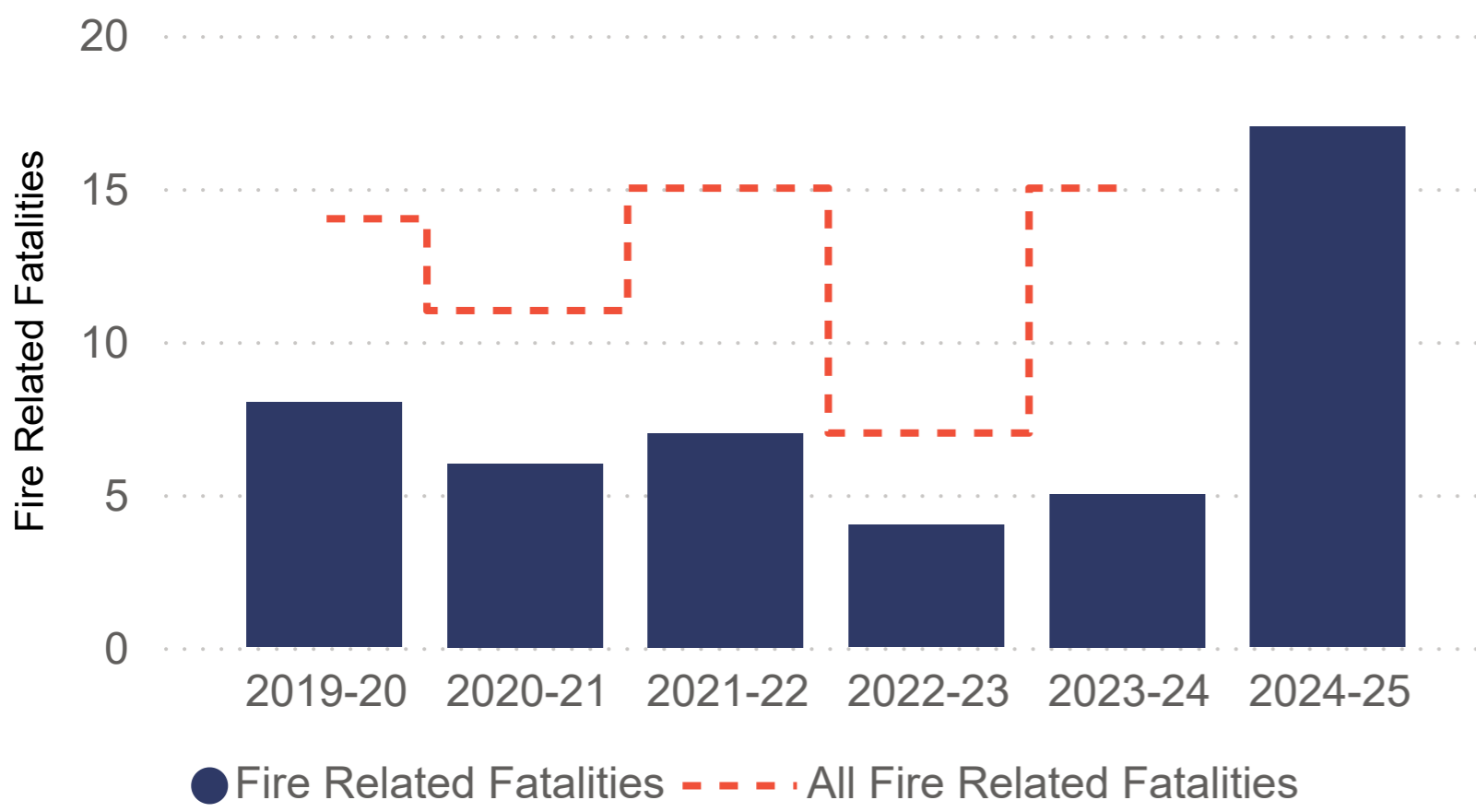
Non-fire Type	Count
Effecting entry/exit	1059
Assist other agencies	477
RTC	379
No action (not false alarm)	204
Other rescue/release of persons	160

Fire Related Fatalities

01 April 2024

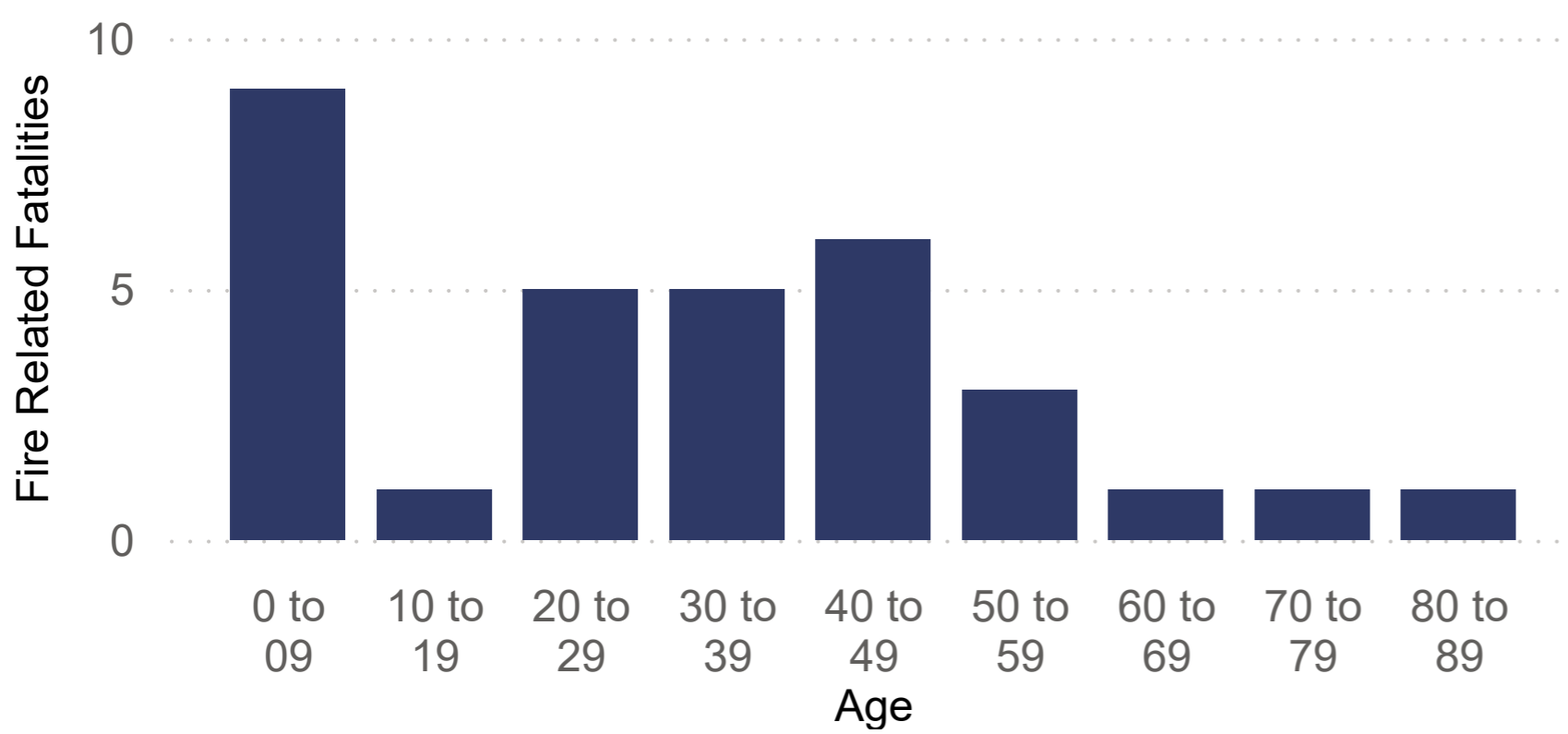
01 December 2024

Fire Related Fatalities by Financial Year

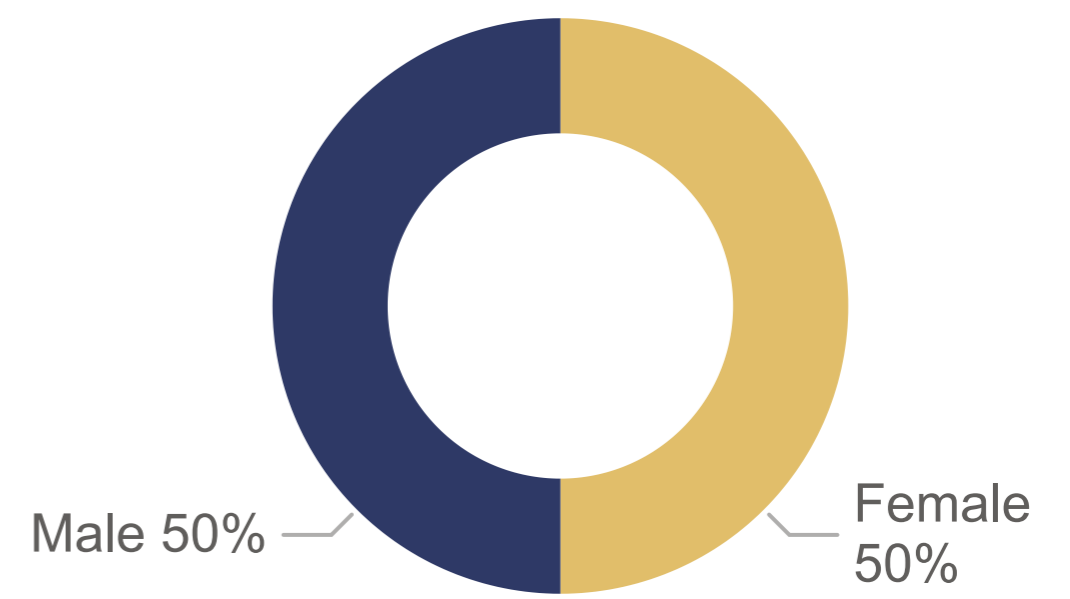


All Fire Related Fatalities (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year. The bars show the value for selected date range.

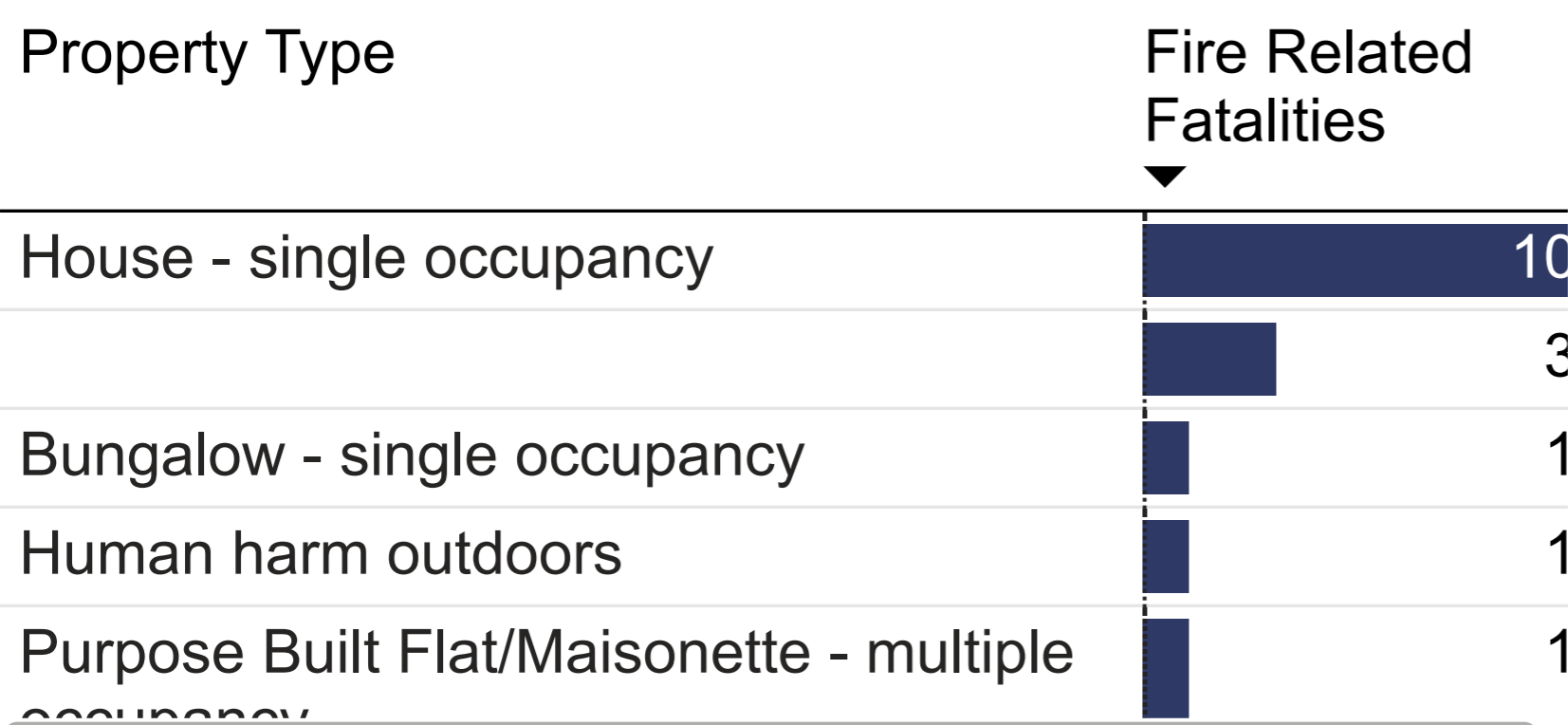
Fire Related Fatalities by Age



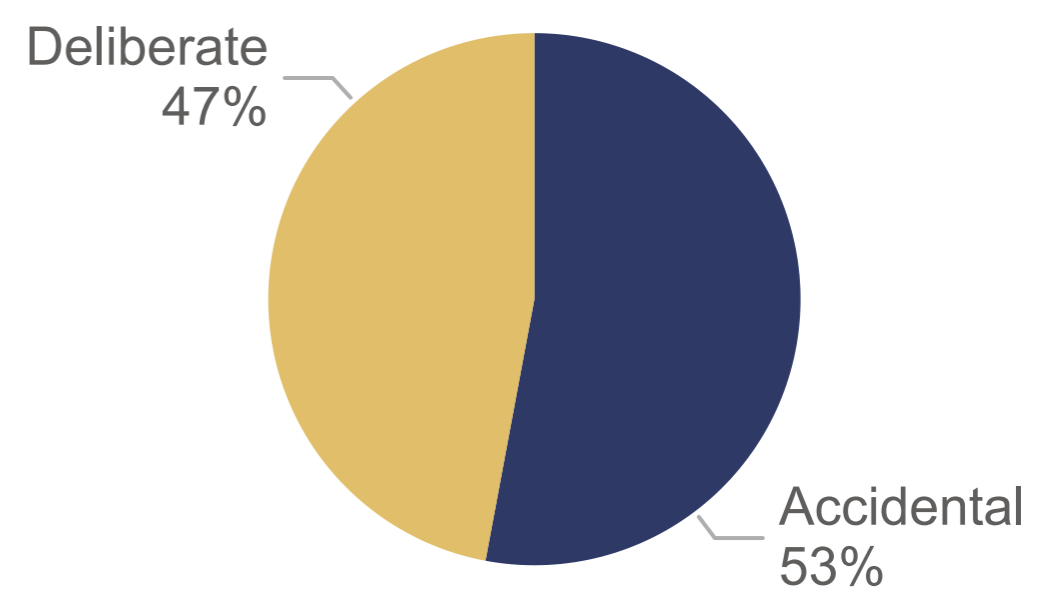
Fire Related Fatalities by Gender



Fire Related Fatalities by Property Type



Fire Related Fatalities by Accidental or Deliberate Fires

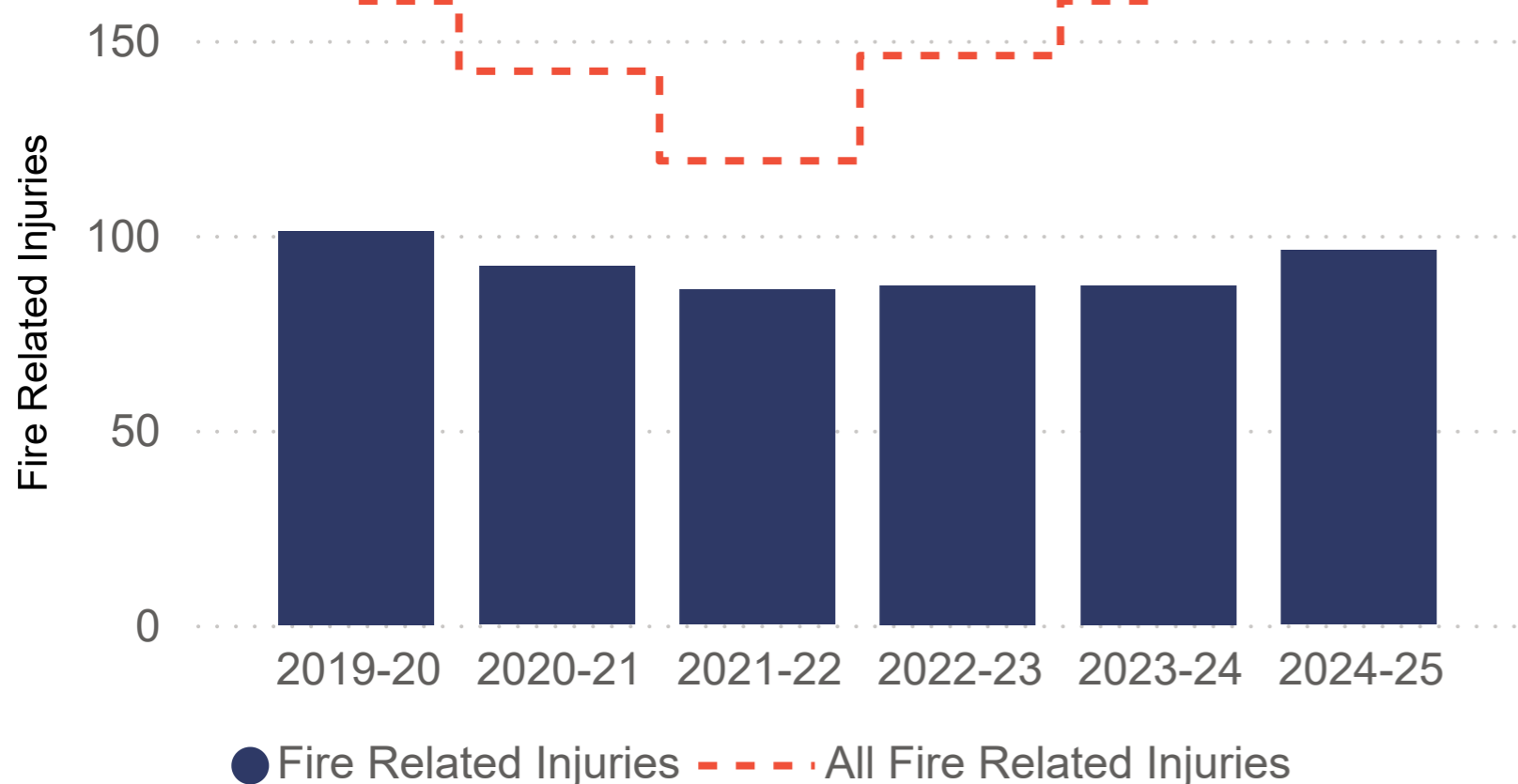


Fire Related Injuries

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Fire Related Injuries by Financial Year



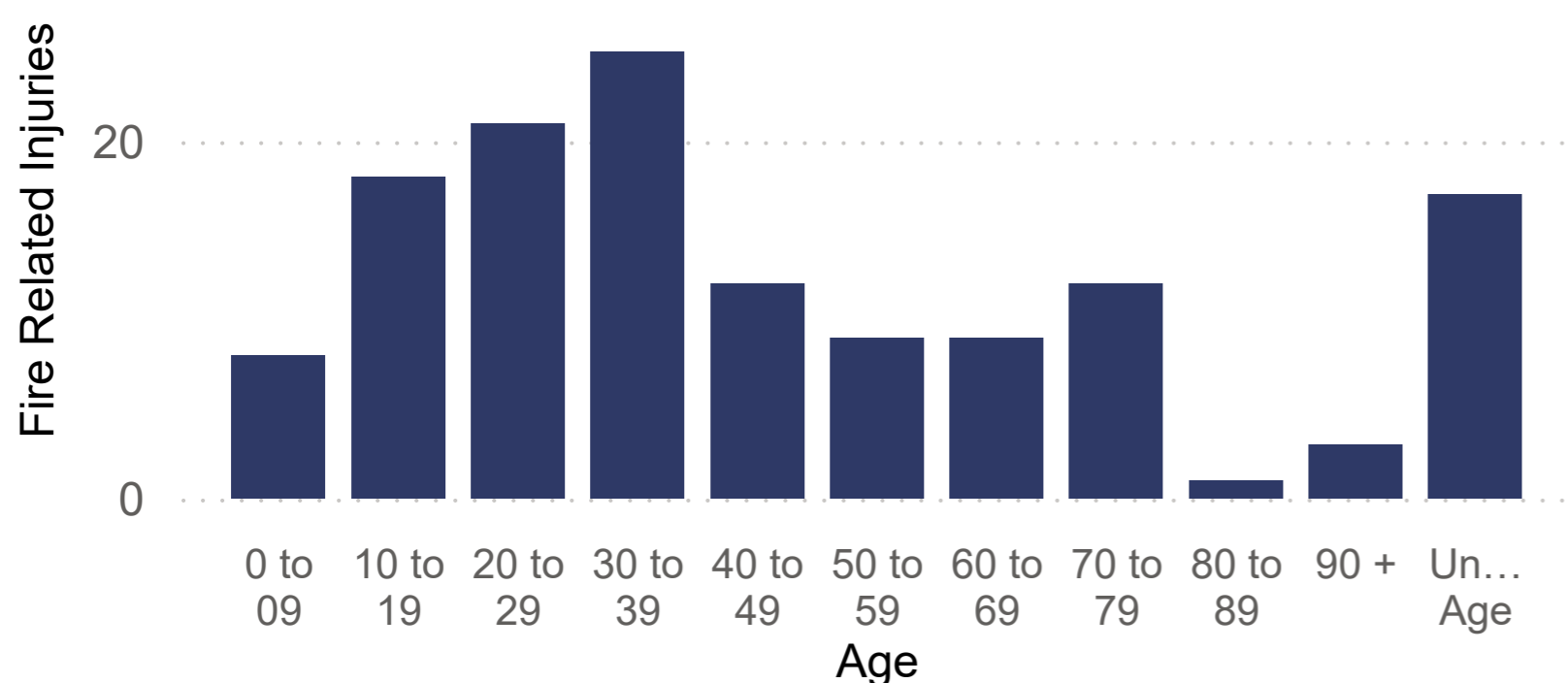
All Fire Related Injuries (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year. The bars show the value for selected date range.

Fire Related Injuries Previous Year To Date Comparison

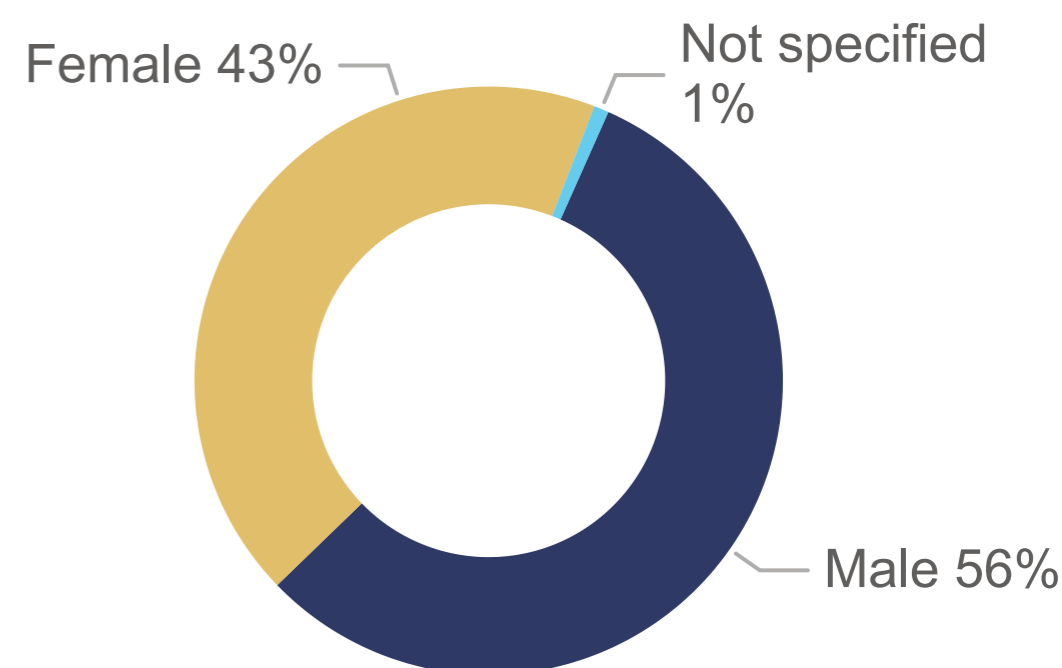
District	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	24%	↑
Calderdale	-62%	↓
Kirklees	50%	↑
Leeds	12%	↓
Wakefield	9%	↑

3 Year average indicator shows if current number of Fire Related Injuries this financial year is an increase/decrease of Fire Related Injuries against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

Fire Related Injuries by Age



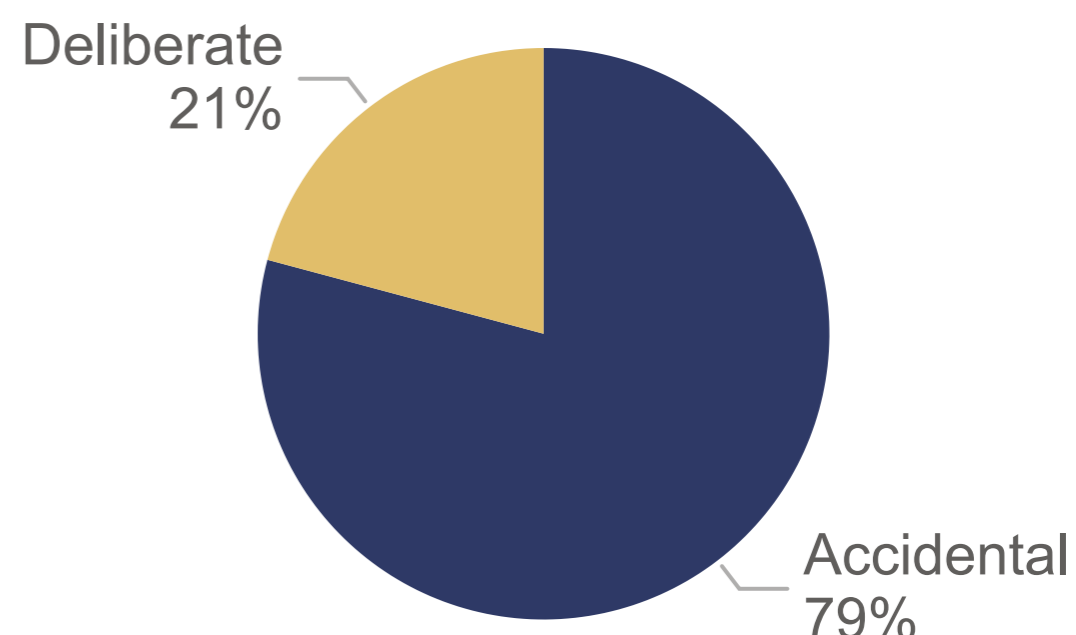
Fire Related Injuries by Gender



Fire Related Injuries by Severity

Severity of Injury	Fire Related Injuries
Victim went to hospital, injuries appear to be Slight	83
Victim went to hospital, injuries appear to be Serious	19
Precautionary check recommended	10
First aid given at scene	2

Fire Related Injuries by Accidental or Deliberate Fires



Top Property Type

House - single occupancy

Top Fire Cause

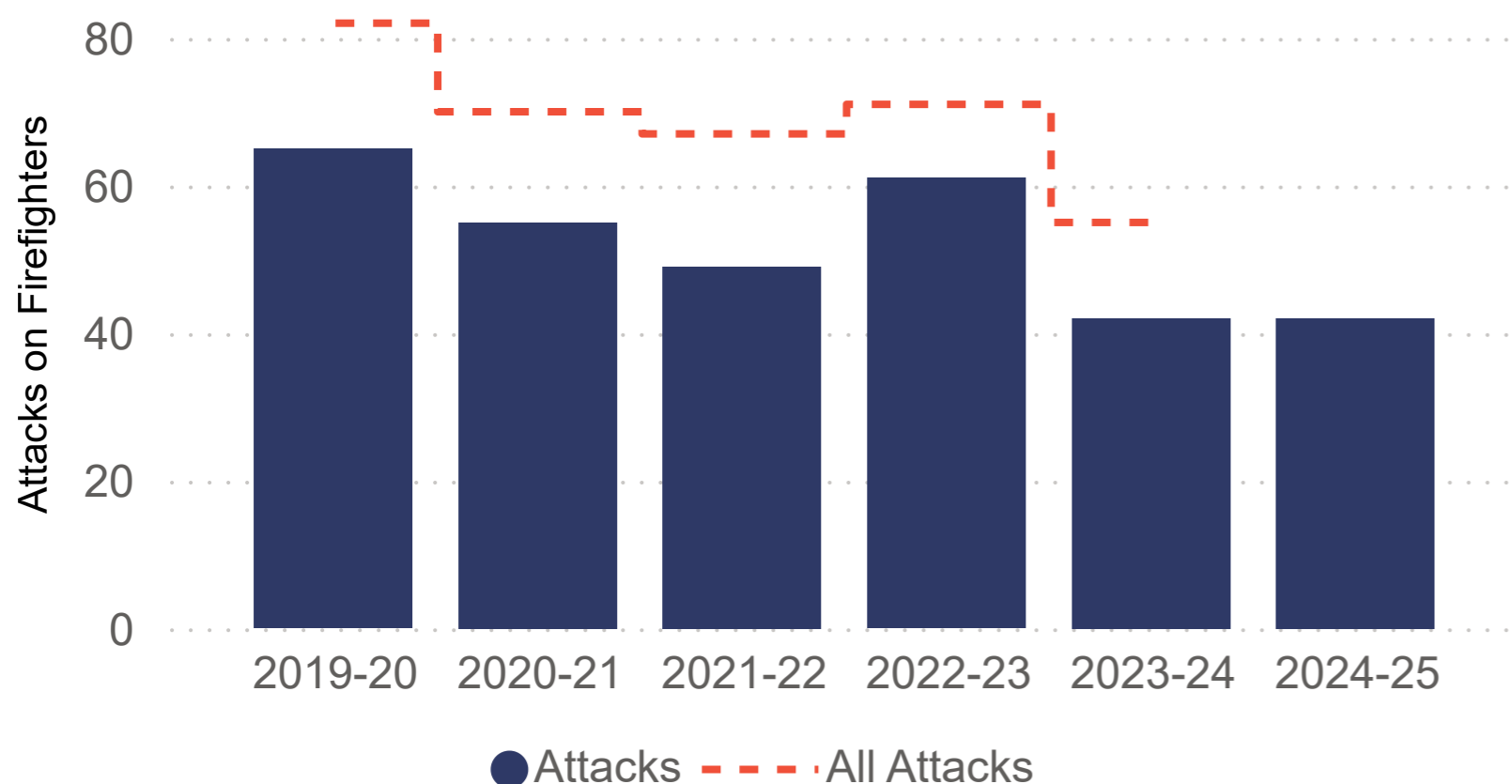
Accidental - Fault in equipment or appliance

Attacks on Firefighters

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Attacks on Firefighters by Financial Year



All Attacks on Firefighters (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year. The bars show the value for selected date range.

Attacks on Firefighters Previous Year To Date Comparison

District	Current period	Previous year	% increase/decrease on previous year	3 Year Average
Bradford	22	22	0%	↓
Calderdale	3	2	50%	↑
Kirklees	5	6	-17%	↓
Leeds	9	6	50%	↓
Wakefield	3	6	-50%	↓

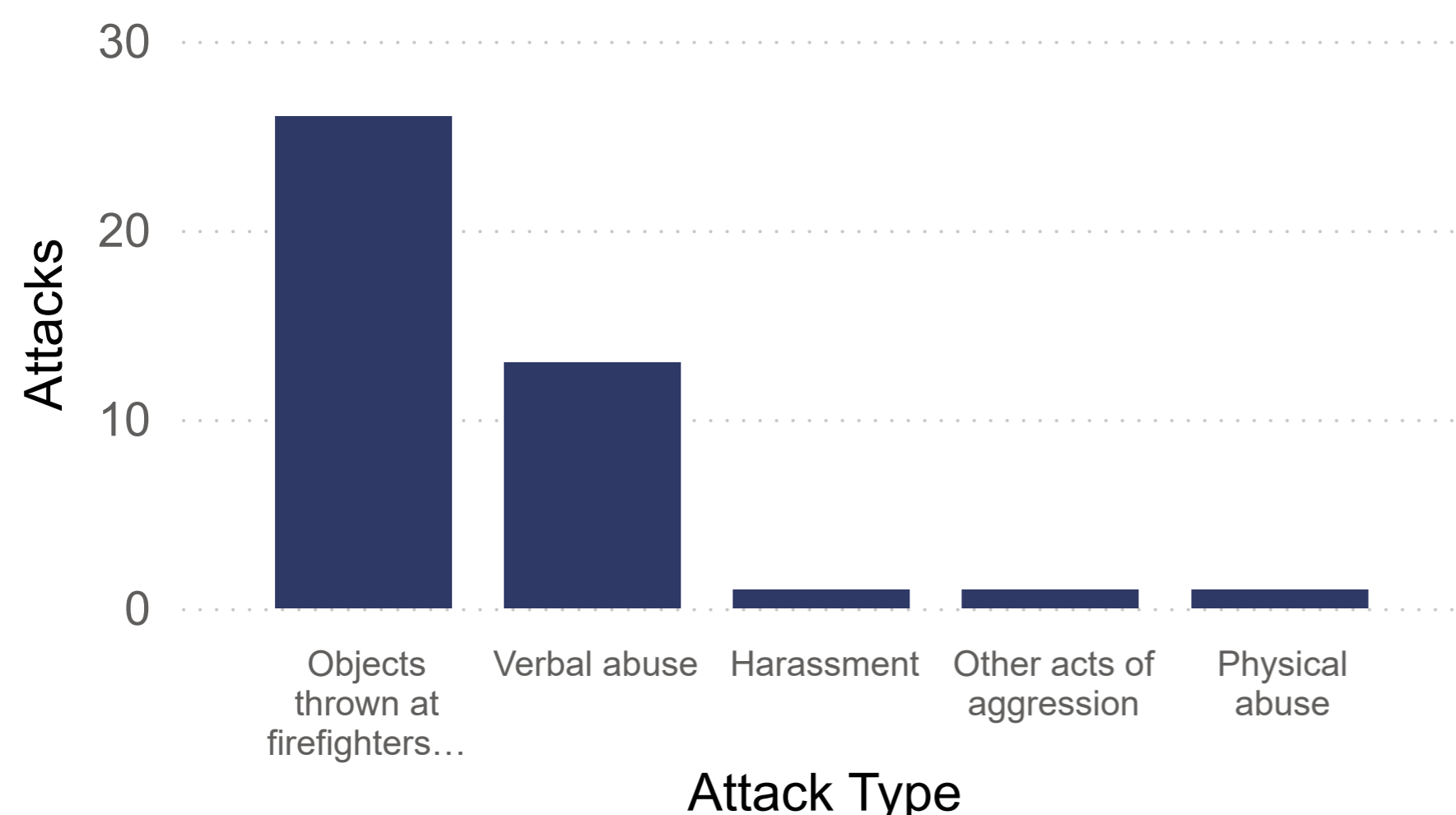
3 Year average indicator shows if current number of Attacks on Firefighters this financial year is an increase/decrease of Attacks on Firefighters against the 3 year average. Looking at only the comparison range.

Attacks on Firefighters by Severity



Visual may be blank if no slight and serious injuries are recorded for the date range.

Attacks on Firefighters by Attack Type



Percentage of incidents with an attack

District	% Attacks at district total incidents
Bradford	0.47%
Kirklees	0.20%
Calderdale	0.19%
Leeds	0.15%
Wakefield	0.14%

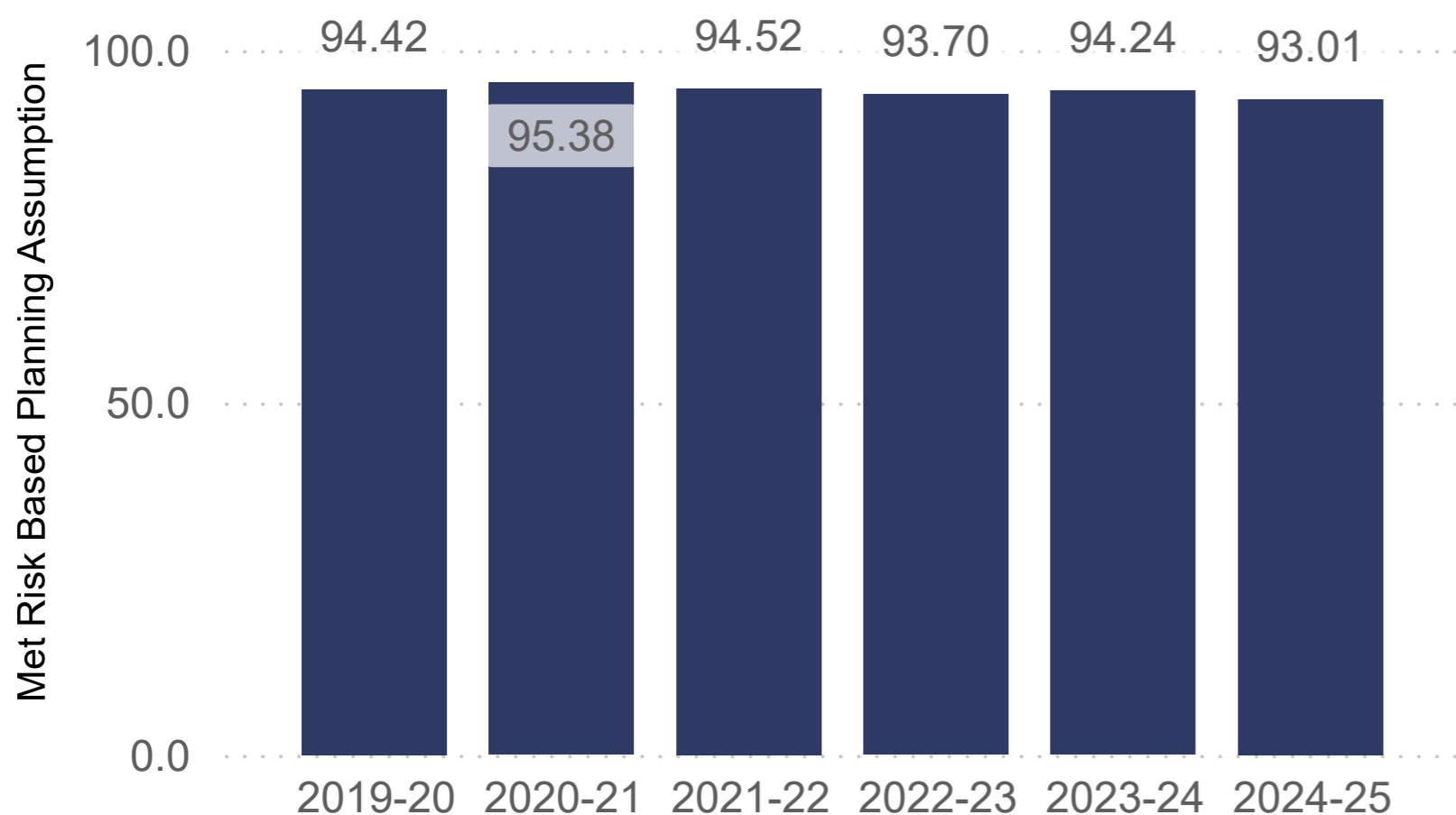
Percentage of attacks based on number of incidents per district.

Response Times

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Percentage of Met Risk Based Planning Assumption Response Times by Financial Year



Percentage of Met Risk Based Planning Assumption Response Time

District	% Met
Leeds	94.94
Bradford	93.98
Calderdale	91.10
Kirklees	90.34
Wakefield	90.07

Average Response Time by LSOA Risk Score and Severity

Risk Score	Life	Property	Other	Total
Very High	00:05:39	00:07:29	00:06:50	00:06:46
High	00:06:29	00:07:15	00:06:59	00:06:57
Medium	00:06:41	00:07:37	00:07:17	00:07:14
Low	00:07:03	00:07:55	00:07:32	00:07:30
Very Low	00:08:18	00:10:14	00:08:58	00:08:57
Total	00:07:12	00:08:22	00:07:40	00:07:39

Average Response Time Targets

Risk Score	Life	Property	Other
Very High	7.00	9.00	15.00
High	8.00	10.00	15.00
Medium	9.00	11.00	15.00
Low	10.00	12.00	15.00
Very Low	11.00	13.00	15.00

LSOA: Lower Super Output Area.

The Risk Based Planning Assumptions (RBPA) utilised by WYFRS place greatest emphasis on the likelihood of incidents occurring where there is a risk to people. Three different classifications of incidents are utilised, these being:

Life – Potential for incidents to involve rescues, injuries or fatalities including private dwellings, or other sleeping risks.

Property – Incidents occurring in properties other than those included within the Life risk.

Other – All other incidents not included within the descriptors for Life and Property risk including secondary fires, false alarms and non-fire related incidents where there is no risk to human life.

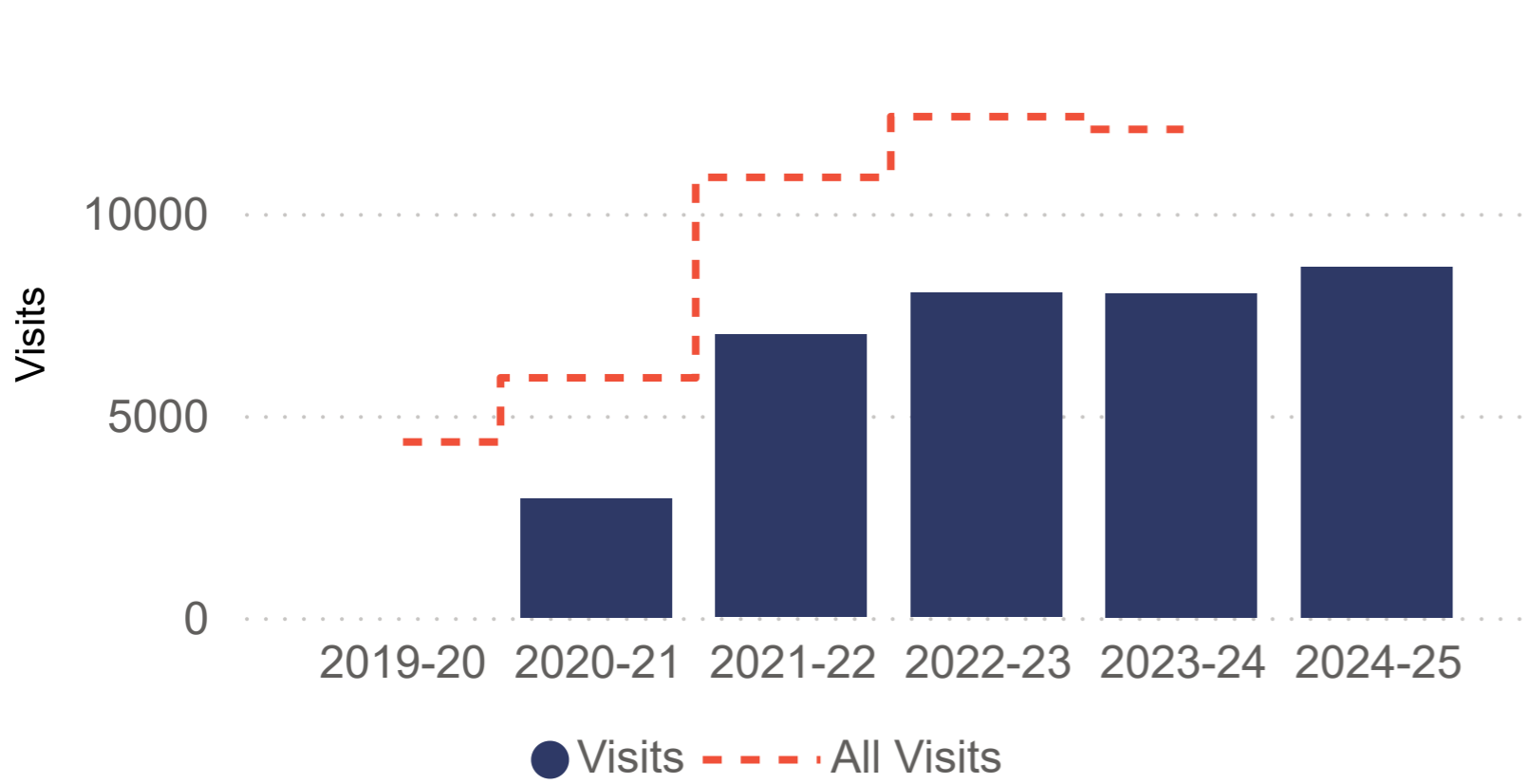
The RBPA's are underpinned by a comprehensive risk assessment for WYFRS.

Safe and Wells and High Risk Interventions

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

Completed Safe and Well and High Risk Intervention Visits by Financial Year



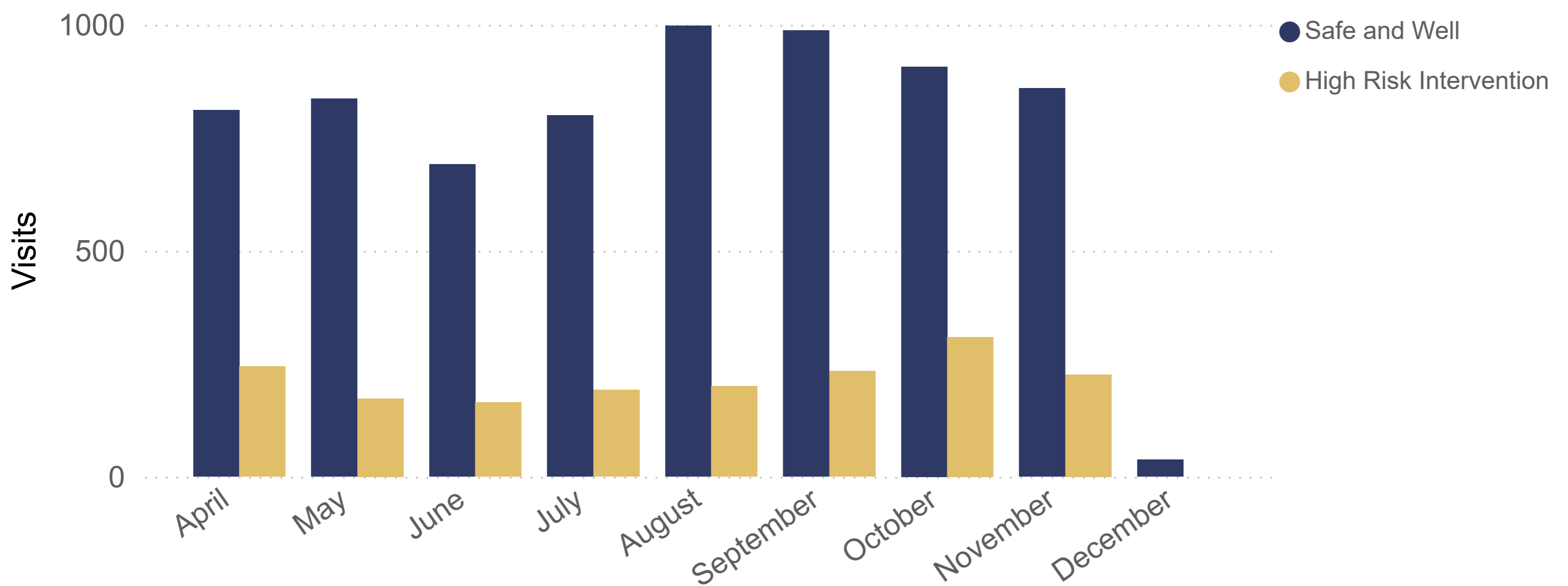
Completed Safe and Well Visits Previous Year To Date Comparison

District	% increase/decrease on previous year
Bradford	6%
Calderdale	-6%
Kirklees	6%
Leeds	15%
Wakefield	16%

All Visits (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year.

The bars show the value for selected date range.

Completed Visits by Month



The Safe and Well programme is the flagship prevention activity within WYFRS. We target vulnerability through a simple risk rating process and then visit people in their homes to offer information, advice and safety equipment. The risk rating process is to ensure that we are providing our resources to those who need it most.

People can be referred to WYFRS from partner organisations, self-refer or we can identify the need for a Safe and Well Check during operational incidents.

It also covers a broader assessment of vulnerability against a number of other elements, including:

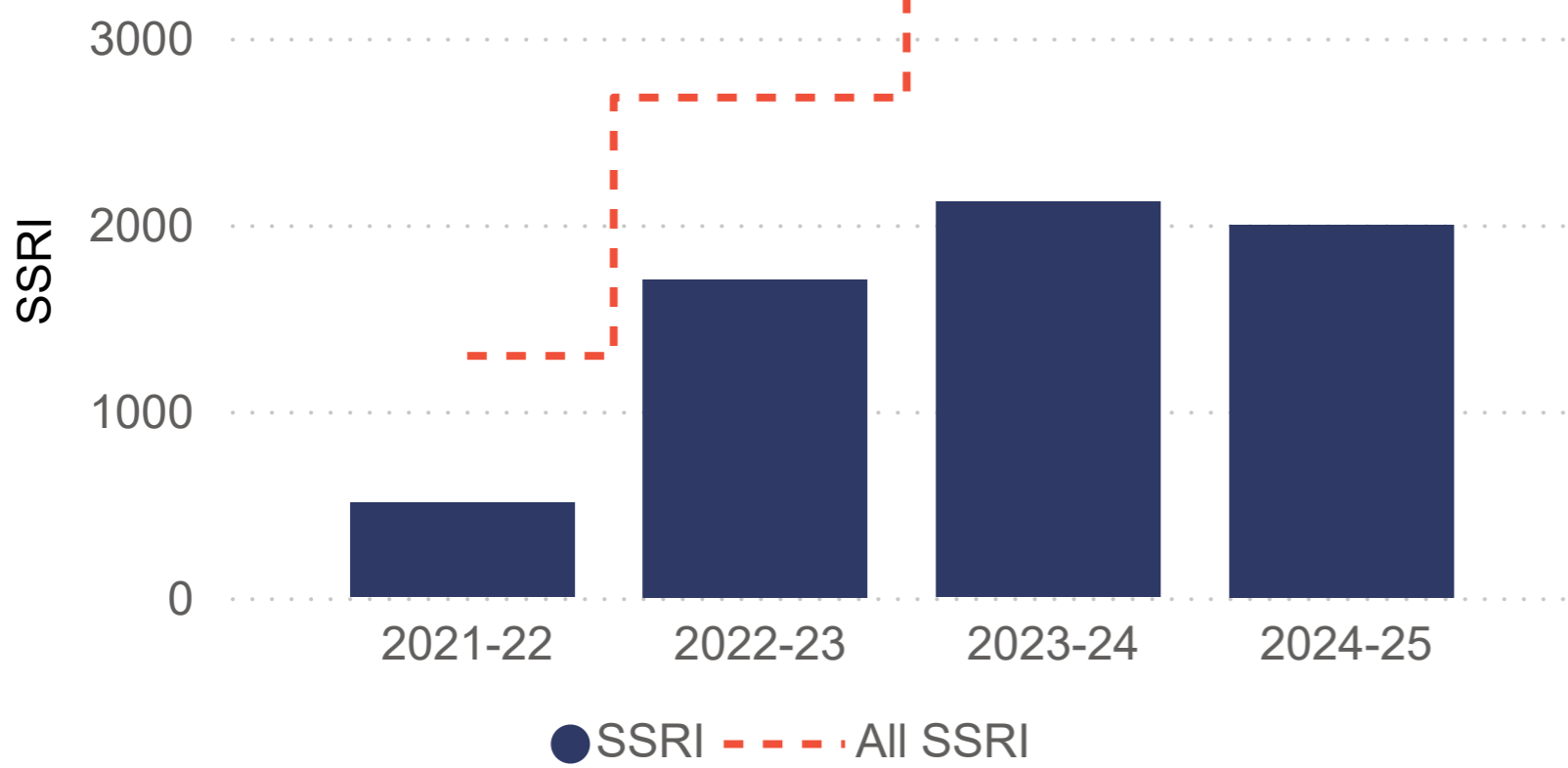
- Frailty and falls
- Social Isolation
- Winter Cold
- Crime
- Smoking

Site Specific Risk Inspections (SSRI)

01 April 2024

01 December 2024

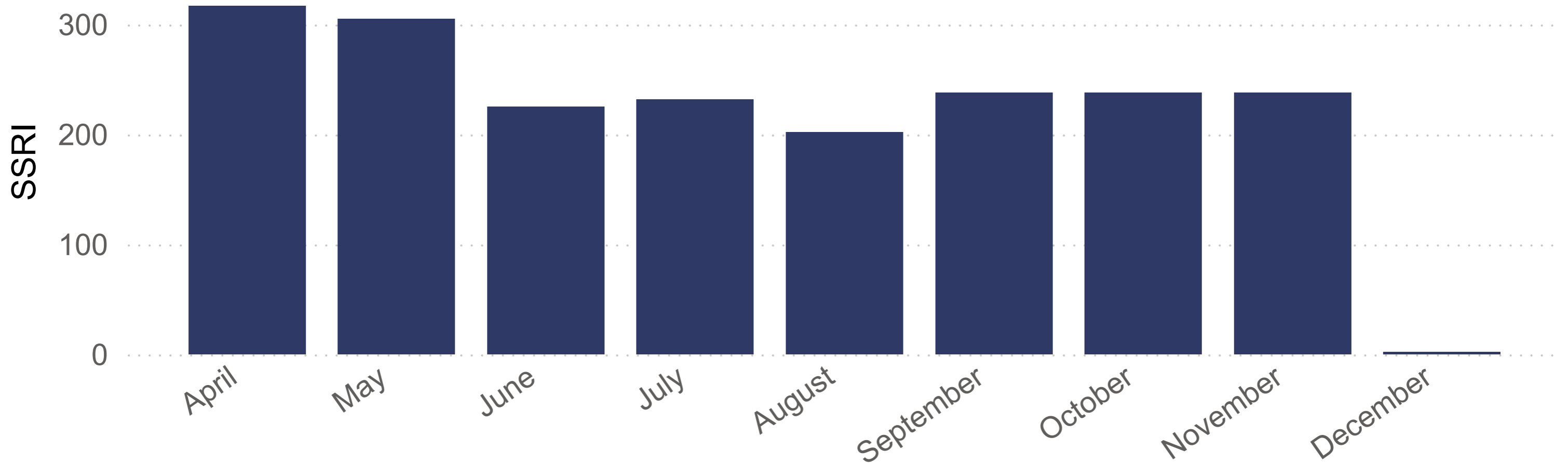
SSRI by Financial Year



All SSRI (red dotted line) shows the total figure for the financial year.

The bars show the value for selected date range.

SSRI by Month



SSRIs are generated from operational liaison referrals, post fire visits and what crews identified as perceived risks within their station area.

SSRIs are allocated to each District which are then allocated to stations/watches.

The Operational Risk Management Team centrally audit 100 percent of all SSRIs. This ensures a standard approach to the recording and understanding of risk which in turn underpins the safety of operational crews when responding to premises considered higher risk.